

# **RSGB 2024 Band Plan**

QuickLinks:- Updated: January-2024

Recent Changes2019 ChangesOlder ChangesNotesLFMFHFVHFUHFMicrowavemmWave

NB: These band plans are largely based on those agreed at IARU Region-1 General Conferences with some local differences on frequencies above 430 MHz.

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Date Description 2020 11-Dec-2019 60m: Editorial - Added hyperlink for 5MHz guidance page 70cm: Removal of BW limits in 430-431.9, 433.6-434.0, 435-440 to facilitate new digital modes 7-Dec-2019 7-Dec-2019 70cm: Added General Note re FM/DV bandwidth 7-Dec-2019 70cm: Removal of CW-only EME centre. 432.0-432.1 now more generic CW/MGM 9-Dec-2019 23cm; Deleted PSK31 CoA at 1296.138 9-Dec-2019 23cm: Deleted redundant Notes 3 & 4 11-Dec-2019 2mm: Added information note re NoV access to frequencies >275 GHz by Full Licensees 9-Dec-2019 Notes Page: Added CoA definition Notes Page: SSB usage guidance editorial update to 7053 from 7043 9-Dec-2019 11-Dec-2019 Notes Page: Updated NoV bands reference to include 71 MHz and >275 GHz 2-Dec-2020 15M: Added Note-1 for non-exclusive satellite usage designation in 21.125 - 21.145 10M: Removal of Maxium Bandwidth limits in 29.000-29.510 to faciliate wideband experimentation 2-Dec-2020 2-Dec-2020 10M: Added Note-1 regarding experimental wideband operation 2-Dec-2020 6M: Split of the 50.500-52 MHz range into more specific IARU-aligned segments 6M: Deletion of 50.510 SSTV and 50.550 MHz Image designations 2-Dec-2020 2-Dec-2020 6M: Gateways now FMDV (and shorter description as not all are on common IARU channels) 2-Dec-2020 6M: Deletion of IARU Repeater Outputs at 51.9 MHz - not used in the UK 2-Dec-2020 6M: Editorial update to Note-2 2-Dec-2020 6M: Typo fixed - removed duplicate Note-5 (Excel only) 6M: Note-5 usage - 50.770/790 designation moved to 51.970/990 4-Dec-2020 4-Dec-2020 6M: Wideband experimentation Note-6 updated in line with new IARU band plan 2-Dec-2020 4M: 70.25 Meteor Scatter and 70.20 SSB updated from calling to centre 2-Dec-2020 2M: Deletion of Note-7 re older EME range of 144.110-144.160 (to align with 144.100-144.150 band edges) 2-Dec-2020 2M: Deleted 144.200 MHz Random MS SSB 4-Dec-2020 70cm: 432.370 MHz FSK441 calling renamed to Meteor Scatter calling 4-Dec-2020 70cm: Removal of Fast Scan (Analogue) TV and Note-4 that related to it 4-Dec-2020 70cm: Split of 435-438 MHz to more clearly designate Satellite and Wideband experimentation 13cm; Removal of 500 Hz subsection to simplify the 2320.00-2323.800 narrowband segment 4-Dec-2020 9cm: Editorials - correction of narrowband segment to be 3400-3400.8 and former EU17 note removed 4-Dec-2020 9-Dec-2020 Notes: Shortened 28 MHz 9-Dec-2020 Notes: Shortened 3.5 MHz 9-Dec-2020 Notes: Added new Transmitter Setup and Linearity general note 17-Dec-2021 136kHz: Updated RR footnote to remove Iran as per WRC-19 outcome 17-Dec-2021 50MHz: Correct Experimental Bandwidth in RadCom edition (Excel master correct) 144MHz: Extra Internet Gateway designations added at on former packet channels 17-Dec-2021 12-Jan-2022 Excel master editorials - now has frequency-based tabs, instead of wavelengths 12-Jan-2022 Excel master editorials - added year header to older years change notes 2023 21-Dec-2022 No formal changes for Jan-2023, but please note the following are under review:-21-Dec-2022 a) HF: IARU review / expansion of data segments 21-Dec-2022 b) 145MHz: Repeater usage / spectrum efficiency (inc Note-11) 23-Dec-2022 c) Implications of WRC-23 on 50 MHz, 1.3GHz and perhaps other bands 23-Dec-2022 d) Incorporation of bandplans for 122-123, 136-141 and 241-250 GHz to reflect growing usage 26-Jan-2024 472kHz - remove specific licence terms note - removed in 2023/4 Ofcom licence review 26-Jan-2024 NOTES: 472kHz - 'see licence schedule for additional conditions' removed 26-Jan-2024 28MHz - licensing notes revised 26-Jan-2024 70MHz - added info note regarding 70.5-71.5MHz NoV access 26-Jan-2024 Added new mmWave band pages for 122 and 241GHz, and updates to 134GHz 28-Jan-2024 144MHz - licensing notes revised 28-Jan-2024 430MHz - added extra licensing note re specific conditions within 430-440MHz 28-Jan-2024 24, 47, 76GHz - licensing notes revised 28-Jan-2024 1.3, 2.3, 5.7 and 10GHz licensing notes revised 28-Jan-2024 144.500-144.794 MHz changed from 20kHz to 12 kHz narrowbandwidth operation - for optimised 12.5k channellised usage 28-Jan-2024 145.225 MHz Internet gateways usage added 144.975, 144.9875 MHz paired with 145.575, 145.5875 MHz, now designated for 5W ERP Low power / Adhoc repeaters 28-Jan-2024 28-Jan-2024 433-434MHz revised Note-11 to align with IARU/PU 12.5kHz channelling (was 20kHz BW for 25k spacing) 433-434MHz revised bandwidth column from 20 to 12kHz to realign for 12.5k channelling 28-Jan-2024 28-Jan-2024 433 /434.6 MHz remove references to 25kHz for 1.6MHz repeater pairs 28-Jan-2024 432.6250-432.6750 MHz Digital communications - remove wording: (25 kHz channels) 433.6250-6750 MHz Digital communications - remove wording: (25 kHz channels) 28-Jan-2024 28-Jan-2024 432.0-432.4 MHz - no formal change yet - but expected to be all 2.7kHz pending IARU confirmation 28-Jan-2024 430MHz - Note-8 - shortened -removed 'attended-only operation in the presence of the NoV holder'. 28-Jan-2024 430MHz - further changes may occur subject to Ofcom Coordination notice updates 28-Jan-2024 432.0-432.4 MHz narrowband - no formal change yet - but expected to be all 2.7kHz pending IARU confirmation 29-Jan-2024 10GHz - Update Note-4 to remove NoV term 05-Feb-2024 The following are also under review: 05-Feb-2024 a) 430-440MHz based on further Ofcom and IARU updates (as per RadCom RSGB Matters) 05-Feb-2024 b) Airborne - nothing specific yet, but do ensure new licence condtions are followed (500mW eirp max Primary bands only) 05-Feb-2024 c) Any other demand/guidance arising from the rollout of revised Ofcom terms

05-Feb-2024

d) HF: IARU review / expansion of data segments

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Date Description
                                                             2015
Notes Tab - NGM and WSPR notes added
Notes Tab - revised text for 472 kHz, 2,3GHz and 3.4GHz due to licence changes
146-147MHz: New band plan added copied from October 2014
2300-2302MHz: New band plan added, as per RadCom Jan-2014
600M: Licensing notes now refer to new licence terms, not NoV
600M: Inserted new usage note for 472-475 and 475-479
60M: Licensing notes now reduce to refer to new licence terms, not NoV
10M: 29,000-29,100 amended to 6Mtz all modes and accommodate AM usage
                       1-Jan-15
1-Jan-15
                       1-Jan-15
                       1-Jan-15
                       1-Jan-15
                       1-Jan-15
                                                          60M: Licensing notes amended to refer to new licence terms, not NoV
10M: 29,000-29,100 amended to 6Hz all modes and accommodate AM usage
4M: WSPR designation corrected to 70,091, from 70,090 MHz
4M: RTTY designation corrected to 70,091, from 70,090 MHz
2M: Added new 144,000-144,025 All modes / Satellitic segment
2M: 144,050 MHz Stelagraphy calling renamed to Centre
2M: 144,050 MHz SSE calling now Centre
2M: 144,500 MHz SSTV calling now Centre
2M: 144,700 MHz FAX deleted
2M: 144,700 MHz FAX deleted
2M: 144,925-144,950 packet updated
2M: 145,2125 FM Internet Gateways deleted, Note-13 blanked
2M: 145,2125 FM Internet Gateways deleted, Note-13 blanked
2M: 145,2105 FM internet Gateways deleted, Note-13 blanked
2M: 145,2075 included for Note-11
2M: Note-15 deleted following Packet review
13cm: Realigned usage and Note-1 in 2321-22 to FM/DV as per IARU-R1 plan and to act as a narrowband guardband
13cm: Renowed 2350-2390 MHz and Note-4
13cm: Realigned usage and Note-1 in 2321-22 to FM/DV as per IARU-R1 plan and to act as a narrowband guardband
13cm: Renowed EME and altered usage to all modes in 2390-2400
13cm: Reduced designations in 2310-2320 MHz
13cm: Reset 2322-2350 to generic wideband modes
9cm: Reduced designations in 2310-2320 MHz
13cm: Reset 2322-2350 to generic wideband modes
9cm: Removed 3410-3475 MHz and Note-4
9cm: Added bandwidth column
                       1-Jan-15
                       1-Jan-15
                       1-Jan-15
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                                                           9cm: Added bandwidth colum

Som: Revised usage notes, including addition of DATV repeater outputs

3cm: Added bandwidth colum

Som: Deleted Note-1 as wideband usage is to be aligned based on Note-2

3cm: Removed obsolele linear tranponder, repeater and datalink usage

3cm: Added current TV and Voice Repeater usage

3cm: Revised 10-10.125 GHz - including yellow highlight and new Note-4 for Primary User issues
                       1-Jan-15
1-Jan-15
                       1-Jan-15
1-Jan-15
                       1-Jan-15
                     1-Jan-15
                   2-Jan-15 Notes Tab - eSSB note added, yellow highlights updated
                                                               70cm: Note-3 re FAX deleted and removed from 433.700 MHz 70cm: 432.700 MHz FAX deleted 70cm: 432.600 and 433.600 RTTY deleted
                   2-Jan-15
                     2-Jan-15
                     2-Jan-15
                                                           70cm: Added missing Licence power restriction for 430-432 MHz
70cm: Fixed typo in Note-1 for case of fi.e.*
2300-2302MHz: Power limit corrected
                     2-Jan-15
                     2-Jan-15
                   2-Jan-15
                                                             70cm: Updated Note-8 for all Internet Gateways as 12.5kHz Channels, 5W (7dBW) max, attended-only 70cm: Updated 430.0125-430.0750 MHz Gateways to refer to Note-8 70cm: Updated 431.0750-431.1750 MHz Gateways to refer to Note-8 70cm: Updated 433.950-0434 5060 MHz Gateways to refer to Note-8 70cm: Updated 433.950-0434.5050 MHz Gateways to refer to Note-8 70cm: Updated 434.4750-434.5250 MHz Gateways to refer to Note-8 70cm: 432.3500 MHz shortened description to Microwave talkback as per 2m, as its not an official calling channel 70cm: 432.3500 MHz Beacon band deleted as new frequencies are in the IARU segment 70cm: Note-9 re UK beacon band deleted
                  3-Jan-15
3-Jan-15
3-Jan-15
3-Jan-15
3-Jan-15
3-Jan-15
3-Jan-15
                                                             2016

10M: 29.530 Internet Gateways deleted from IARU Repeater segment
10M: 29.530 Internet Gateways deleted from IARU Repeater segment
10M: 29.210 Internet Gateways noved to 29.280

10M: 29.270 Internet Gateways Channel added
160M: Added 32W (15dBW) max Licence Power limit note for 1850-2000 kHz
4M: Added 160W (22dBW) Power limit et of
6M: Added 100W (22dBW) Power limit both 51-52 MHz Licence note
70cm: Neutralised direction for RAYNET 7.6MHz talkthrough on 430.800 / 438.400 MHz
Notes: AM bandwidth in all-modes segments clarified
70cm: 430.135-430.0750 MHz Internet voice gateways clarified as FM
70cm: 431.0750-431.1750 MHz Internet voice gateways clarified as DV
              30-Nov-15
                   8-Jan-16
                                                               70cm: 432 4000-432 5000 Reacons - Remove obsolete Note-9 referen
                                                               70cm: 430.400-430.775 MHz UK DV 9 MHz split repeaters - Inputs (Added frequencies) 70cm: 439.400-439.775 MHz UK DV 9 MHz split repeaters - Outputs (Added frequencies)
                 28-Jan-16
28-Jan-16
                                                              30M: Narrowband modes amended to start at 10,130 (was 10,140)
80M: 200Hz Narrowband modes segment added at 3,570-3,580 - was Telegraphy only
80M: Clarified 3,700-3,775 and 3,775-3,800 (editorial changes only)
                     1-Jun-16
                      1-Jun-16
                      1-Jun-16
                                                             80M: Clarified 3,700-3,775 and 3,775-3,800 (editorial changes only)
6M: Deleted 26,232-29,000 (editorial changes only)
6M: Deleted 50.401 MHz WSPR beacons +/- 500Hz
4M: Deleted 70.991 MHz WSPR beacons +/- 500Hz
2M: Deleted 144.4920 MHz +- 500Hz WSPR beacons
146 MHz: Updated NoV expiry wording (editorial)
                       1-Jun-16
                       1-Jun-16
                      1-Jun-16
                      1-Jun-16
1-Jun-16
               17-Jan-17
                                                             60M: Note-4 added - Contacts within the UK should avoid the WRC-15 allocation (5351.5 - 5366.5 kHz) if possible
                 15-Dec-17
                                                               60M: Note-4 has WRC-15 Frequencies added and WRC notes added in Usage column
                 15-Dec-17
                                                               60M: WSPR removed from 5290 kHz 60M: 5362-5370 UK Data usage note removed to avoid WRC-15 overlap, WSPR added
                 15-Dec-17
15-Dec-17
                                                             60M: 5403 USB usage deleted
60M: 5403 USB usage deleted
2300 MHz: Updated Licence note as Channel Isles operation is now permitted under latest NoV terms
6M: Updated SPP description - deleted "future"
6M: Deleted 50.6 RTTY
6M: Added new Note-6 for Digital Experimentation
                 15-Dec-17
                 15-Dec-17
                 15-Dec-17
15-Dec-17
                                                             2M: CW Band now starts at 144.100 not 144.110
2M: 144.138 PSK31 deleted
2M: Unified segments so SSB/MGM etc now runs rom 144.150-144.400
2M: Unified segments so SSB/MGM etc now runs rom 144.150-144.400
2M: Removed unnecessary extra line 144.195-144.205 MHz Random MS SSB as part of simplification
2M: Added Personal Weak Signal Beacons (144.491-144.493) in Beacon Guard band
2M: Removed 'centre' for Image modes as they are near a band edge
2M: Slight changes/clarifications to usage English for RAYNET, MS Calling, Note-7 etc
               15-Dec-17
15-Dec-17
15-Dec-17
               15-Dec-17
15-Dec-17
15-Dec-17
                                                              70cm: Beacon band upper limit corrected to IARU 432.490, from 432.500
70cm: Added 432.491-432.493 MHz Personal Weak Signal MGM Beacons (BW: 500 Hz max)
70cm: 434.4750-434.5250 MHz Internet voice gateways now DV only
70cm: 438.000-434.2500 HMz Digital communications - ADDE 0's Experiments'
70cm: Added 434.0000 Low Power Non-NoV Personal Hot-Spot usage
70cm: Added 438.0000 Low Power Non-NoV Personal Hot-Spot usage
70cm: Editorial - Merged usage for 433.7000-433.7750 MHz (Note 10)
70cm: 430.250-430.300 MHz UK DV 9 MHz reverse-split repeaters - Outputs
70cm: Added 439.250-439.300 MHz UK DV 9 MHz reverse-split repeaters - Inputs
70cm: Deleted 432.0880 MHz PSK31 centre of activity
               16-Dec-17
16-Dec-17
16-Dec-17
16-Dec-17
16-Dec-17
16-Dec-17
16-Dec-17
16-Dec-17
16-Dec-17
               16-Dec-17 23cm: Added 1296.741-1296.743 MHz Personal Weak Signal MGM Beacons
16-Dec-17 13cm: Updated Note-2 to add 2400-2402 alternative narrowband use in other countries
16-Dec-17 6cm: Introduce BW Column and reformat
16-Dec-17 6cm: Remove 5668 beacons and clarify names for preferred and alternative narrowband centres
                 16-Dec-17
                                                              Notes: Added 5MHz to 'No contests' bands
                                                              Highlighted Full Licensees Only on 600m, 60m, 146MHz, 2300MHz
60M: Clarify' it is UK Usage Plan only. Further info - http://rsgb.org/main/operating/band-plans/ht/5mhz/
146MHz: Updated Power Limit from 25 to 50W
                     8-Jan-18
                   8-Jan-18
8-Jan-18
          3-Dec-2018
                                                               2M: Removal of old Microwave talkback from 144.175
                                                              2th: Kemorgeni of lot Microtavage talkback from 144.1/c
With More general term in place of AXZ5 or TCPIP usage on 144.925, 144.9375, 144.950
2th: Correction to Simplex Channel designation to V16.V47, (was V164.94)
With Correction to Simplex Channel designation in Footnote-3 to V47 (was V46)
             3-Dec-2018
3-Dec-2018
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3-Dec-2018

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Date
                                                                                                                                      2008
Changes to 75,500 – 76,000MHz allocation, deletion of usage between 142,000 – 144,000MHz
Notes moved from "4mm down" worksheet to the new "Notes" worksheet. Notes from the IARU Region 1 Band Plan added to this new worksheet.
              18-De-07 Changes to 75.500 – 76.000MHz allocation, deletion of usage between 142.000 – 144.000MHz Notes worksheet. Notes from the IARU Region 1 Band Plan added to this new worksheet. Notes from the IARU Region 1 Band Plan added to this new worksheet. The control of the IARU Region 1 Band Plan added to this new worksheet. Annual Region 1 Band Plan added to the new Yorksheet. Annual Region 1 Band Plan added to the new Yorksheet. Annual Region 1 Band Plan added to the IARU Region 1 Band Plan added to Complete change to 40m band plan, inc notes on the same worksheet. Annual Region 1 Band Plan added in CRP CoA at 18,130Hzt and 18,150Hzt daily allocate centre of activity to 17m plan 23-Nov-08. Added in CRP CoA at 18,130Hzt and 18,150Hzt daily allocate centre of activity to 17m plan 23-Nov-09. Added in CRP CoA at 24,850Hzt and 24,150Hzt 
                                                                                                                                  2010
Added 51.510MHz FM calling frequency
Added 51.510MHz FM calling frequency
Added 51.510MHz PM calling frequency
Added new Note 4 to 3410-3475MHz range
Corrected Narrowand BW 10.500Hz on Notes page
Added Beacons and 1.3GHz to Notes Page
Added Beacons and 1.3GHz to Notes Page
Added Words "Propagation Beacons only" to 432.4000-432.5000 MHz record
Highlighted 432.8000-432.9900 MHz line in RED and made the words read "UK Beacons (Note 9)"
Changed the word "Bandplain" to Band Plan"
In "Notes" worksheet "Experimentation with NBFM Packet Radio on 29 MHz": 20.210 changed to 29.210 & "included" changed
                                                                                                                               2012
40M. Added Note 2 on Data and PSK31 at 7040kHz+ since the 2009 re-plan
40M. Deleted CW contest preferred segment, reformatted 7,080-7,100 MHz
40M. Deleted CW contest preferred segment, reformatted 7,080-7,100 MHz
40M. Deleted CW contest preferred segment, reformatted 7,080-7,100 MHz
40M. Deleted CW contest prefer changes as per Sun Cly 2011
40M. So 700-90.00 MHz changes for RANNET. 25484 and added IARU Repeater Outputs
40M. Changes to narrowhand and beacon frequencies
20M. Footnote 11 added for 144.3781/45.578
70Cm. Evotnote 10 amended for RANNET Changes
70Cm. 37MHz designated for DATV centre of activity
70Cm. Deleted MH7 1327 designation. Added DV 3MHz split sepasters (approx freqs)
70Cm. 37MHz designated for DATV centre of activity
70Cm. Deleted MH7 1327 designation. Added DV 3MHz split sepasters (approx freqs)
70Cm. 20Cm. Policed 228-1300 MHz with Sun City 2011
73Cm. replaced 128-1300 MHz with Sun City 2011 recommendations
13cm. Amended narrowhand BW, replaced packet, updated formatting
76GHz. Cither bands infor moved to bottom of new 134-928 MHz narrowband segment
                                                                                                                                             2012
                                               5-Apr-12 Corrected Telegraphy types for 80 and 20m band
5-Apr-12 Clarify VHF calling freqs, DV vs FM operating (added Note-12)
5-Apr-12 Removed redundant AM footnote from 30m
                                       16-Jul-12 4M: Corrected WSPR beacons frequency typo (from 70.091 to 70.090 MHz)
16-Jul-12 2M: Updated band plan for Digital Communications in 144.8-145.0 MHz (sep for DV & FM Internet Galeways)
16-Jul-12 2M: Updated band plan for FM Galeways (though assignments may be reduced to protect 145.200 MHz E-S uplinks)
                                    9-Dec-12 Added Into Tab
9-Dec-12 Amendments Tab split into Latest and Older Changes Tabs
9-Dec-12 Amendments Tab split into Latest and Older Changes Tabs
9-Dec-12 Amended Notes Tab for clarifications for AM Operation, 472kHz, 5MHz, 2.3GHz, 3.4GHz
9-Dec-12 Shitz-Life Updated countries in Radio Rep note - removed Librya, added South Sudan
9-Dec-12 2bt. amended 144.600 RTTY to Centre of Activity, DELETED superfluous second 144.600 RTTY line
9-Dec-12 3cm. Added Note4 and highlight due to spectrum releases expected in 2359-2390 MHz
9-Dec-12 5cm. Highlighted 31 ft-spectrum release sense (Note4)
9-Dec-12 5cm. Highlighted 31 ft-spectrum release sense (Note4)
12-Dec-12 6cm. Added Note4 and WRC-12-Den4 - 274-278 kHz
12-Dec-12 60M: Added tab for UK SMHz (experimental) frequencies
                             19-Dec-12 80M: Added missing 2.7kHz Bandwidth text at 3.775-3.800kHz. 19-Dec-12 600M: Amended Note-3 to Carify AM usage/bandwidth 19-Dec-12 2M: Added Note-13 to Midrawal of 145.2125 FM Gateways 19-Dec-12 70cm: Note-14 added for 437MHz DATV 19-Dec-12 2mc Note-10 added for 25m DATV 19-Dec-12 Finalised Notes Tab and new 60m tab 19-Dec-12 Finalised Notes Tab and new 60m tab 19-Dec-13 Carifornia 19-Dec-13 Finalised Notes 19-Dec-14 Production 17-Dec-15 Production 17-Dec-15
                                16-Jan-13 Updated intro i ale, page margins
2-Jul-13 10M. Removed destinities, oily restriction on 29.3-29.5 MHz Amateur Satellities
2-Jul-13 60M: Highlighted line added for 5200 kHz Beacons and WSPR
2-Jul-13 4M: Rac designation reword from 70.300 MHz
2-Jul-13 2M: WSPR Changed from 144.4905 to 144.4920 MHz
2-Jul-13 2M: WSPR Changed from 144.4905 to 144.4920 MHz
2-Jul-13 2M: VRSPR Changed from 144.4905 to 144.8920 MHz
2-Jul-13 2M: VRSPR Changed from 144.4905 to 144.8920 MHz
2-Jul-13 2M: VRSPR Changed from 144.895 to 144.8125
2-Jul-13 2M: VRSPR Changed from 144.895 POCSAR Control of 145.85 to 144.8125
2-Jul-13 2M: VRSPR Changed from 145.85 to 144.8125
2-Jul-13 70m: Deletion of 432.6432 B. Linear Transponder Duglats
2-Jul-13 70m: Deletion of 432.6432 B. Linear Transponder Duglats
2-Jul-13 60M: Added UK Frequency Usage notes for CVV GRP, Emergency Comms and Data modes
2-Jul-13 60M: Added UK Frequency Usage notes for CVV GRP, Emergency Comms and Data modes
2-Jul-13 60M: Added Vote-6 re migration of Gateways from 51.9 MHz, to 50.5 MHz IARU Common Channels
                                                                                                                                  2014
6M: 51.9 MHz Galeways and Note-6 deleted, following migration to 50.5 MHz IARU Common channels
6M: 51.9 MHz Galeways and Note-6 deleted, following migration to 50.5 MHz IARU Common channels
6M: Merged IARU-aligned Repeater Cutputs at 51.9 MHz to a single block following Galeway migrations to 50.5 MHz
2M: 144.8 125 MHz now IARU Common channel for DV galeways (moved from 144.8 75)
4M: 144.8 75 MHz vacant channel now "bif following completion of IARU DV Galeway alignments
2M: Updated Note-14 to emphasise NERM use of 144.800
2M: Added Note-5 to Indicate 144.87 - 144.975 designations are subject to review and potential change
60M: Added 5.317 kHz - AM 6kHz max. bandwidth
60M: Added 5.403.5 KHz - USB common international frequency
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#### Notes to the Band Plan

#### ITU-R radio regulation RR 1.152 and Recommendation SM.328 (extract):

Necessary bandwidth: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient to ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

Foundation and Intermediate Licence holders are advised to check their licences for the permitted power limits and conditions applicable to their class of licence

CW, SSB and those modes listed as Centres of Activity, plus AM (Consideration should be given to adjacent channel users. All Modes

Image Modes Any analogue or digital image modes within the appropriate bandwidth, for example SSTV and Fax

Narrow band

All modes using up to 500Hz bandwidth, including CW, RTTY, PSK, etc

Any digital mode used within the appropriate bandwidth, for example RTTY, PSK, MT63, etc. Digimodes

Below 10MHz use lower sideband (LSB), above 10MHz use upper sideband (USB). Note the lowest dial LSD, above 10MHz use upper sideband (USB). Note the lowest dial settings for LSB Voice modes are 1843, 3603 and 7053kHz on 160, 80 and 40m. Note that on 5MHz USB is used. Sideband usage

Amplitude Modulation (AM) with a bandwidth greater than 2.7kHz is acceptable in the all-modes segments Amplitude Modulation (AM) provided users consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies (Davos 2005)

Extended SSB (eSSB)

Extended SSB (eSSB) is only acceptable in the all-modes segments provided users consider adjacent cting operating frequ

Digital Voice (DV)

Users of Digital Voice (DV) should check that the channel is not in use by other modes (CT08\_C5\_Rec20).

FM Repeater & **Gateway Access** Beacons

CTCSS Access is recommended. Toneburst access is being withdrawn in line with IARU-R1

Propagation Beacon Sub-bands are highlighted - Please avoid transmitting in them!!

MGM

M(achine) G(enerated) M(ode) indicates those transmission modes relying fully on computer processing as RTTY, AMTOR, PSK31, JTxx, FSK441 and the like. This does not include Digital Voice (DV) or Digital Data (DD)

Above 30 MHz, WSPR frequencies in the band plan are the centre of the transmitted frequency (not the WSPR suppressed carrier frequency or the VFO dial setting).

Transmitter Setup and Linearity

Close attention should be given to power amplifier linearity to control the final transmitted bandwidth and avoid spectral regrowth affecting adjacent users. In particular this can be a major issue when operating digital modes. It is recommended that operators do not use more power than is necessary, and that care is taken to ensure sound cards, interfaces, and other equipment

CW QSOs are accepted across all bands, except within beacon segments (Recommendation DV05 C4 Rec 13)

Contest activity shall not take place on the 5, 10, 18 and 24MHz bands

Non-contesting radio amateurs are recommended to use the contest-free HF bands (30, 17 and 12m) during the largest international contests (DV05\_C4\_Rev\_07)

The term "automatically controlled data stations" include Store and Forward stations

#### Transmitting frequencies

The announced frequencies in the band plan are understood as "transmitted frequencies" (not those of the suppressed carrier!)

A guide to where users of a particular mode or activity tend to operate. The bandplan does not give such users precedence over other modes or activities Centre of Activity

### Unmanned transmitting stations

IARU member societies are requested to limit this activity on the HF bands. It is recommended that any unmanned transmitting stations on HF shall only be activated under operator control except for beacons agreed with the IARU Region 1 Beacon Coordinator, or specially licensed experimental stations.

#### 472-479 kHz

Access is available to Full Licensees only

Radio Amateurs in countries that have a SSB allocation ONLY below 1840kHz, may continue to use it, but the National Societies in those countries are requested to take all necessary steps with their licence administrations to adjust phone allocations in accordance with the Region 1 Band Plan (UBA - Davos 2005)

3.5MHz Inter-Continental operations should be given priority in the segments 3500 - 3510kHz and 3775 - 3800kHz

Where no DX traffic is involved, the contest segments should not include 3500 - 3510kHz or 3775 - 3800kHz. Member societies will be permitted to set other (lower) limits for national contests (within these limits)

3510 - 3600kHz may be used for unmanned ARDF beacons (CW, A1A) (Recommendation DV05\_C4\_Rec\_12)

Access is available to Full Licensees only - see licence schedule for additional condtions

The band segment 7040 - 7060kHz may be used for automatic controlled data stations (unattended) traffic in the areas of Africa south from the equator during local daylight hours.

Where no DX traffic is involved, the contest segment should not include 7,175 - 7,200kHz.

SSB may be used during emergencies involving the immediate safety of life and property and only by stations actually involved in the handling of emergency traffic

The band segment 10120kHz to 10140kHz may be used for SSB transmissions in the area of Africa south of the equator during local daylight hours

News bulletins on any mode should not be transmitted on the 10MHz band.

#### 28MHz

Operators should not transmit on frequencies between 29.3 and 29.51MHz to avoid interference to amateur satellite downlinks

#### Experimentation with NBFM Packet Radio at 29MHz

Preferred operating frequencies on each 10kHz from 29.210 to 29.290MHz inclusive should be used. A deviation of +/- 2.5kHz being used with 2.5kHz as maximum modulation frequency.

The band is subject to re-planning. It is also shared with air traffic radar

### 2.3 GHz (2310-2350 and 2390-2400MHz)

on is subject to specific licence conditions and guidance - see also the Ofcom PSSR statement

cific licence conditions and guidance - see also the Ofcom PSSR statement

### Innovation Bands: 70.5-71.5 MHz, 146-147 MHz, 2300-2302 MHz and >275 GHz

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

136 kHz	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage	
135.7-137.8 kHz	200	CW, QRSS and narrow-band digital modes	
LICENCE NOTES:	LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service - Secondary User.		
	1 Watt (0 dBW) erp		

**R.R. 5.67B** The use of the band 135.7-137.8kHz in Algeria, Egypt, Iraq, Lebanon, Syrian Arab Repub Sudan, South Sudan and Tunisia is limited to fixed and maritime mobile services. The amateur service shall not be used in the above-mentioned countries in the band 135.7-137.8kHz, and this should be taken into account by the countries authorising such use (WRC-19)

IARU Region-1 does not have a formal band plan for this allocation, but has a usage recommendation (Note-1) Access to this band is available to Full Licensees only

472 kHz (600m)	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage
472-479 kHz	500	CW, QRSS and narrow-band digital modes (Note-1)
(Note-2)		

Note-1: Usage recommendation: - 472-475 kHz CW-only 200Hz max BW, 475-479 kHz - CW & Digimodes

**Note-2:** It should be emphasised that this band is available on a non-interference basis to existing services.

UK amateurs should be aware that some overseas stations may be restricted in their use of transmit frequency in order avoid interference to nearby radionavigation service Non-Directional Beacons

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service Secondary User. Full Licensees only - 5 Watts eirp maximum

**R.R. 5.80B** The use of the frequency band 472-479 kHz in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Comor Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Oman, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen is limited to the maritime mobile and aeronautical radionavigation services. The amateur service shall not be used in the above-mentioned countries in this frequency band, and this should be taken into account by the countries authorizing such use. (WRC 12)

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

1.8 MHz (160m)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
1,810-1,838 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy
1,838-1,840	500 Hz	Narrow band modes
1,840-1,843	2.7 kHz	All modes
1,843-2,000	2.7 kHz	Telephony (Note 1), Telegraphy
		1,836 kHz QRP (low power) Centre of Activity,
		1,960 kHz DF Contest beacons (14dBW)

Note 1: Lowest LSB carrier frequency (dial setting) should be 1,843 kHz.

AX25 packet should not be used on the 1.8 MHz band.

LICENCE NOTES: 1,810-1,850 kHz Primary User: 1810-1830 kHz on a non-interference basis to stations outside of the UK.

1,850-2,000 kHz Secondary User: 32W (15dBW) Maximum

#### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

### **RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st June 2016)**

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

3.5 MHz (80m)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
3,500-3,510 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy - Priority for inter-continental operation
3,510-3,560	200 Hz	Telegraphy - contest preferred. 3,555 kHz - QRS (slow telegraphy) Centre of Activity
3,560-3,570	200 Hz	Telegraphy 3,560 kHz - QRP (low power) Centre of Activity
3,570-3,580	200 Hz	Narrow band modes
3,580-3,590	500 Hz	Narrow band modes
3,590-3,600	500 Hz	Narrow band modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
3,600-3,620	2.7 kHz	All modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended), (Note 1)
3,600-3,650	2.7 kHz	All modes - Phone contest preferred, (Note 1). 3,630kHz - digital voice Center of Activity
3,650-3,700	2.7 kHz	All modes - Telephony, Telegraphy
		3,663 kHz may be used for UK emergency comms traffic.
		3,690 kHz SSB QRP (low power) Centre of Activity.
3,700-3,775	2.7 kHz	All modes - Phone contest preferred
		3,735 kHz Image mode Centre of Activity
		3,760 kHz IARU Region 1 Emergency Centre of Activity
3,775-3,800	2.7 kHz	All modes - Phone contest preferred
		Priority for inter-continental telephony (SSB) operation

Note 1: Lowest LSB carrier frequency (dial setting) should be 3,603 kHz

LICENCE NOTES: Primary User: Shared with other user services:

### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

### **RSGB Usage Plan (effective from 1st January 2018)**

### Access to this band is available to Full Licensees only

See Licence Schedule notes for specific conditions

5 MHz (60m)	Available	UK Usage
	Width	
5258.5 - 5264.0 kHz	5.5 kHz	5262 kHz - CW QRP Centre of Activity
5276.0 - 5284.0	8 kHz	5278.5 kHz - may be used for UK emergency comms traffic
5288.5 - 5292.0	3.5 kHz	Beacons on 5290 kHz (Note-2)
5298.0 - 5307.0	9 kHz	
5313.0 - 5323.0	10 kHz	5317 kHz - AM 6kHz max. bandwidth
5333.0 - 5338.0	5 kHz	
5354.0 - 5358.0	4 kHz	Within WRC-15 Band
5362.0 - 5374.5	12.5 kHz	Partly within WRC-15 band, WSPR
5378.0 - 5382.0	4 kHz	
5395.0 - 5401.5	6.5 kHz	
5403.5 - 5406.5	3 kHz	

Unless indicated, usage is all-modes (necessary bandwidth to be within channel limits)

Note 1: Upper Sideband is recommended for SSB activity.

Note 2: Activity should avoid interference to the experimental beacons on 5290 kHz

Note 3: Amplitude Modulation is permitted with a maximum bandwidth of 6kHz, on frequencies with at least 6kHz available width

Note 4: Contacts within the UK should avoid the WRC-15 band (5351.5 - 5366.5 kHz) if possible

For the latest current guidance refer to the RSGB website

LICENCE NOTES: Full Licensees only Secondary User: 100W max

Note that specific conditions regarding operating, transmission bandwidth, power and antennas are specified in the Licence

### Notes to the Usage Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

7 MHz (40m)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
7,000-7,040 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy. 7,030 kHz - QRP Centre of Activity
7,040-7,047	500 Hz	Narrow band modes (Note 2)
7,047-7,050	500 Hz	Narrow band modes, automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
7,050-7,053	2.7 kHz	All modes, automatically controlled data stations (unattended), (Note 1)
7,053-7,060	2.7 kHz	All modes, digimodes
7,060-7,100	2.7 kHz	All modes, SSB Contest Preferred Segment
		digital voice 7,070kHz; SSB QRP Centre of Activity 7,090 kH:
7,100-7,130	2.7 kHz	All modes, 7,110kHz - Region 1 Emergency Centre of Activity.
7,130-7,200	2.7 kHz	All modes, SSB Contest Preferred Segment; 7,165kHz - Image Centre of Activity
7,175-7,200	2.7 kHz	All modes, priority for intercontinental operation

Note 1: Lowest LSB carrier frequency (dial setting) should be 7,053 kHz.

Note 2: PSK31 activity starts from 7,040kHz.

Since 2009, the narrow band modes segment starts at 7,040kHz.

LICENCE NOTES: 7,000-7,100 kHz Amateur and Amateur Satellite Service -Primary User.

7,100-7,200 kHzAmateur Service - **Primary User.** 

### Notes to the Band Plan

#### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

### **RSGB Band Plan (effective from 1st June 2016)**

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

10 MHz (30m)	Neccesary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
10,100-10,130 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy (CW)
		10,116 kHz - QRP (low power) Centre of Activity
10,130-10,150	500 Hz	Narrow band modes
		Automatically controlled data stations (unattended) should avoid the use of the 10 MHz band

The 10 MHz band is allocated to the Amateur Service only on a Secondary basis. The IARU has agreed that only CW and other narrow bandwidth modes are to be used on this band. Likewise the band is not to be used for contests and bulletins. SSB may be used on the 10 MHz band during emergencies involving the immediate safety of life and property, and only by stations actually involved with the handling of emergency traffic. The band segment 10,120-10,140 kHz may only be used for SSB transmissions in the area of Africa south of the equator during local daylight hours.

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service - Secondary User.

#### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

14MHz (20m)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
14,000-14,060 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy - contest preferred
		14,055 kHz QRS (slow telegraphy Centre of Activity
14,060-14,070	200 Hz	Telegraphy
		14,060 kHz QRP (low power) Centre of Activity
14,070-14,089	500 Hz	Narrow band modes
14,089-14,099	500 Hz	Narrow band modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
14,099-14,101		IBP - reserved exclusively for beacons
14,101-14,112	2.7 kHz	All modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
14,112-14,125	2.7 kHz	All modes (excluding digimodes)
14,125-14,300	2.7 kHz	All modes - SSB contest preferred segment
		14,130kHz - digital voice centre of activity
		14,195+- 5 kHz Priority for Dxpeditions
		14,230 kHz - Image Centre of Activity.
		14,285 kHz - QRP Centre of Activity
14,300-14,350	2.7 kHz	All modes
		14,300 kHz Global Emergency Centre of Activity
LIGHUSE NOTES		
LICENCE NOTES: A		•
14,000-14,250 kHz Amateur Satellite Service - <b>Primary User</b> .		

#### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient to ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

18 MHz (17m)	Necessary	UK Usage	
	Bandwidth		
18,068-18,095 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy 18,086 kHz QRP (low power) Centre of Activity.	
18,095-18,105	500 Hz	Narrow band modes	
18,105-18,109	500 Hz	Narrow band modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)	
18,109-18,111		IBP - reserved exclusively for beacons	
18,111-18,120	2.7 kHz	All modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)	
18,120-18,168	2.7 kHz	All modes, 18,130kHz SSB QRP centre of activity	
		18,150kHz digital voice centre of activity	
		18,160 kHz Global Emergency Centre of Activity	
LICENCE NOTES: A	LICENCE NOTES: Amateur and Amateur Satellite Service- Primary User.		
The band is not to be used for contests or bulletins.			

#### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

21 MHz (15m)	Neccesary Bandwidth	UK Usage	
21,000-21,070 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy	
		21,055 kHz QRS (slow telegraphy) Centre of Activity.	
		21,060 kHz QRP (low power) Centre of Activity	
21,070-21,090	500 Hz	Narrow band modes	
21,090-21,110	500 Hz	Narrow band modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)	
21,110-21,120	2.7 kHz	All modes (excluding SSB) -automatically controlled data stations (unattended)	
21,120-21,149	500 Hz	Narrow band modes	
21,149-21,151		IBP - reserved exclusively for beacons	
21,151-21,450	2.7 kHz	All modes.	
		21,180kHz - digital voice centre of activity	
		21,285 kHz - QRP Centre of Activity.	
		21,340 kHz - Image Centre of Activity.	
		21,360 kHz - Global Emergency Centre of Activity	
Note 1: 21,125-21,2	Note 1: 21,125-21,245 is also designated for use by amateur satellites		
LICENCE NOTES: Amateur and Amateur Satellite Service- Primary User.			

### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

24 MHz (12m)	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage	
24,890-24,915 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy	
		24,906 kHz QRP (low power) centre of activity	
24,915-24,925	500 Hz	Narrow band modes	
24,925-24,929	500 Hz	Narrow band modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)	
24.929-24.931		IBP - reserved exclusively for beacons	
24,931-24,940	2700	All modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)	
24,940-24,990	2700	All modes, 24,950kHz SSB QRP Centre of Activity	
		24,960kHz digital voice centre of activity	
LICENCE NOTES: A	LICENCE NOTES: Amateur and Amateur Satellite Service- Primary User.		
The hand is not to be used for contacts or bulleting			

The band is not to be used for contests or bulletins.

#### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

00 MH (40)	Management	III II
28 MHz (10m)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
28,000-28,070 kHz	200 Hz	Telegraphy
		28,055 kHz QRS (slow telegraphy) Centre of Activity.
		28,060 kHz QRP (low power) Centre of Activity.
28,070-28,120	500 Hz	Narrow band modes
28,120-28,150	500 Hz	Narrow band modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended
28,150-28,190	500 Hz	Narrow band modes
28,190-28,199		IBP - regional time shared beacons
28,199-28,201		IBP - world wide time shared beacons
28,201-28,225		IBP - continuous-duty beacons
28,225-28,300	2.7 kHz	All modes - beacons
28,300-28,320	2.7 kHz	All modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
28,320-29,000	2.7 kHz	All modes
		28,330 kHz - Digital Voice centre of activity
		28,360 kHz - QRP Centre of Activity.
		28,680 kHz - Image Centre of Activity.
29,000-29,100	-	All modes - See Note-1 regarding 29,000-29,510 kHz
29,100-29,200	-	All modes - FM simplex - 10 kHz channels
29,200-29,300	-	All modes - automatically controlled data stations (unattended)
		29,270 kHz UK Internet voice gateway - unattended
		29,280 kHz UK Internet voice gateway - unattended
		29,290 kHz UK Internet voice gateway - unattended
29,300-29,510	-	Satellite links
29,510-29,520		Guard channel
29,520-29,590	6 kHz	All modes - FM repeater inputs (RH1-RH8)
29,600	6 kHz	All modes - FM calling channel
29,610	6 kHz	All modes - FM simplex repeater (parrot) - input and output
29,620-29,700	6 kHz	All modes - FM repeater outputs (RH1-RH8)

Note-1: Experimental wide bandwidth operation within 29,000 - 29510 must be on a non-interference basis to other stations, including the amateur satellite service segment at 29300 - 29510 kHz.

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur and Amateur Satellite Service- Primary User.

Note specific conditions apply within 50km of NGR SK985640 (Waddington)

### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

50 MHz (6m)	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage
50.000-50.100 MHz	500 Hz	Telegraphy Only (except for Beacon Project) Note-2
		50.000-50.030 MHz reserved for Synchronised Beacon Project (Note 2)
		Region-1: 50.000-50.010; Region-2: 50.010-50.020; Region-3: 50.020-50.030
		50.050 MHz Future International Centre of Activity
		50.090 MHz Intercontinental DX Centre of Activity (Note 1)
50.100-50.200	2.7 kHz	SSB/Telegraphy - International Preferred
		50.100-50.130 MHz Intercontinental DX Telegraphy & SSB (Note 1)
		50.110 MHz Intercontinental DX Centre of Activity
		FO 400 FO 200 MIJE. Compared International Telegraphy & CCD
		50.130-50.200 MHz General International Telegraphy & SSB
		50.150 MHz International Centre of Activity
50.200-50.300	2.7 kHz	SSB/Telegraphy - General Usage
00.200		50.285 MHz Crossband Centre of Activity
50.300-50.400	2.7 kHz	MGM/Narrowband/Telegraphy
		50.305 MHz PSK Centre of Activity
		50.310-50.320 MHz EME
		50.320-50.380 MHz MS
50.400-50.500		Propagation Beacons Only
50.500-50.700		All Modes.
50.500-50.700	-	50.520 MHz <b>FM/DV</b> Internet voice gateway
		50.530 MHz FM/DV Internet voice gateway
		50.540 MHz FM/DV Internet voice gateway
		ove to think I imp i memoritore gatemay
		50.600-50.700 MHz Digital communications
		50.630 MHz Digital Voice (DV) calling
50.700-50.900	12 kHz	50.710-50.890 MHz <b>FM/DV</b> Repeater Outputs (10 kHz channel spacing)
50.900-51.200	-	All Modes
51.200-51.400	12 kHz	51.210-51.390 MHz FM/DV Repeater Inputs (10 KHz channel spacing) (Note 4)
51.200-51.400	12 KHZ	151.210-51.390 MIDZ FM/DV Repeater inputs (10 Kinz channel spacing) (Note 4)
51.400-52.000	_	All Modes
01.400 02.000		51.410-51.590 MHz <b>FM/DV</b> Simplex (Note 3) (Note 4)
		51.510 MHz FM calling frequency
		51.530 MHz GB2RS news broadcast and slow morse
		51.650 & 51.750 MHz See Note 5 (25kHz aligned)
		51.970 & 51.990 MHz See Note 5
,		ions in different continents (not for intra-European QSOs).
	•	ared with Propagation Beacons. These are due to be migrated
		nore space for Telegraphy and a new Synchronised Beacon Project
		nnel centre frequencies start at 51.430 MHz.
Note 4: Embedded da	ata traffic is allow	ved with digital voice (DV)

Note 5: May be used for Emergency Communications and Community Events

Note-6: Digital Experiments to support innovation may occur around 50.6, 51.0 or 51.7 MHz

with maximum bandwidths of 50, 200 and 500 kHz respectively on a shared non-interference basis  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service 50.0-51.0 MHz - Primary User.

Amateur Service 51.0-52.0 MHz - **Secondary User: 100W (20dBW) max**Available on the basis on non-interference to other services (inside or outside the UK).

### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient to ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

70 MHz (4m)	Necessary	UK Usage (Note 1)
	Bandwidth	
70.000-70.090 MHz	1 kHz	Propagation Beacons only
70.090-70.100	1 kHz	Personal Beacons
70.100-70.250	2.7 kHz	Narrow Band modes
		70.185 MHz Cross-band activity centre
		70.200 MHz CW/SSB centre
		70.250 MHz MS centre
70.250-70.294	12 kHz	All Modes
		70.260 MHz AM/FM calling
		70.270 MHz MGM centre of activity
70.294-70.500	12 kHz	All modes channelised operations using 12.5 kHz spacing.
		70.3000 MHz
		70.3125 MHz Digital modes
		70.3250 MHz DX Cluster
		70.3375 MHz Digital modes
		70.3500 MHz Internet voice gateway (Note 2)
		70.3625 MHz Internet voice gateway
		70.3750 MHz See Note 2
		70.3875 MHz Internet voice gateway
		70.4000 MHz See Note 2
		70.4125 MHz Internet voice gateway
		70.4250 MHz FM simplex - used by GB2RS news broadcast
		70.4375 MHz Digital modes (special projects)
		70.4500 MHz FM calling
		70.4625 MHz Digital modes
		70.4750 MHz
		70.4875 MHz Digital modes

Note 1: Usage by operators in other countries may be influenced by restrictions in their national allocations

Note 2: May be used for Emergency Communications and Community Events

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service 70.0-70.5 MHz Secondary User: 160W (22dBW) Maximum

Available on the basis of non-interference to other services (inside or outside the UK).

#### Notes to the Band Plan

Note-1: Access to 70.5 - 71.5 MHz by Full Licensees is also possible by NoV

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

144 MHz (2m)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	· ·
144.000-144.025MHz	2700Hz	All modes - including Satellite downlinks
144.025-144.100 MHz	500Hz	Telegraphy (including EME CW)
		144.050 MHz Telegraphy Centre of Activity
		144.100 MHz Random MS telegraphy calling (Note 1)
144.100-144.150	500Hz	Telegraphy and MGM
	000112	EME MGM activity
144.150-144.400	2700Hz	Telegraphy, MGM and SSB
		144.250 MHz GB2RS news broadcast and slow Morse
		144.260 MHz See Note 10
		144.300 MHz SSB Centre of Activity
		144.370 MHz MGM MS calling
144.400-144.490		Propagation Beacons only
144.490-144.500		Beacon guard band
		144.491-144.493 MHz Personal Weak Signal MGM Beacons (BW: 500 Hz max)
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
144.500-144.794	12 kHz	All Modes (Note-8)
		144.500 MHz Image Modes (SSTV, Fax etc)
		144.600 MHz Data Centre of Activity (MGM, RTTY etc)
		144.6125 MHz UK Digital Voice (DV) calling (Note 9)
		144.625-144.675 MHz See Note 10
		144.750 MHz ATV Talk-back 144.775-144.794 MHz See Note 10
144.794-144.990	12 kHz	MGM / Digital Communications
144.734-144.330	12 KHZ	144.800-144.9875 MHz Digital modes (including unattended)
		144.8000 MHz Unconnected nets - APRS, UiView etc (Note 14)
		144.8125 MHz DV Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		144.8250 MHz DV Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		144.8375 MHz DV Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		144.8500 MHz DV Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		144.8625 MHz DV Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		144.8750 - 144.9125 MHz - Internet Gateways
		144.9250 MHz Digital usage
		144.9375 MHz Digital usage
		144.9500 MHz Digital usage
		144.9625 MHz FM Internet voice gateway
144.990-145.1935	12 kHz	144.9750, 144.9875 MHz Low power / Adhoc repeater inputs (Note 11)  FM/DV RV48 - RV63 Repeater input exclusive (Note 2) (Note 5)
145.200	12 kHz	FM/DV Space communications (e.g. I.S.S.) - Earth-to-Space
		145.2000 MHz (Note 4) & (Note 10)
145.200-145.5935	12 kHz	FM/DV V16-V47 FM/DV simplex (Note 3) (Note 5) (Note-6)
		145.2250 MHz Internet gateways - and See Note 10
		145.2375 MHz FM Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		145.2500 MHz Used for slow Morse transmissions
		145.2875 MHz FM Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		145.3375 MHz FM Internet voice gateway (IARU common channel)
		145.5000 MHz FM calling (Note 12)
		145.5250 MHz Used for GB2RS news broadcast.
		145.5500 MHz Used for rally/exhibition talk-in
145.5935-145.7935	12 kHz	145.5750, 145.5875 MHz Low power / Adhoc repeater outputs (Note 11)  FM/DV RV48 - RV63 Repeater output (Note 2)
145.800	12 kHz	FM/DV Space communications (e.g. I.S.S.) - Space-Earth
145.806-146.000	12 kHz	All Modes - Satellite exclusive
	10112	
Note 1: Meteor scatter of	peration can tak	e place up to 26kHz higher than the reference frequency.

Note 1: Meteor scatter operation can take place up to 26kHz higher than the reference frequency.

Note 2: 12.5kHz channels numbered RV48-RV63. RV48 input = 145.000 MHz, output=145.600 MHz.

Note 3: 12.5kHz simplex channels numbered V16-V47. V16=145.200 MHz.

Note 4: Emergency Communications Groups utilising this frequency should take steps to avoid interference to ISS operations in non-emergency situations.

Note 5: Embedded data traffic is allowed with digital voice (DV)

Note 6: Simplex use only - no DV gateways

Note 7: not used

Note 8: Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable within the All Modes segment. AM usage is typically found on 144.550MHz. Users should consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies

Note 9: In other countries IARU Region-1 recommend 145.375 MHz

Note 10: May be used for Emergency Communications and Community Events

Note 11: Ad-hoc Low power repeaters, 5W erp max

Note 12: DV users are asked not to use this channel, and use 144.6125 MHz for calling.

Note 13: not used

Note 14: 144.800 use should be NBFM to avoid interference to 144.8125 DV Gateways

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service -Primary User.

Note specific conditions apply within 50 km of TA 012869 (Scarborough)

### Access to this band requires an appropriate NoV, which is available to Full Licensees only

Note that the current NoVs last for up to one year prior to expiry on 31st October For further information see the 146-147 MHz FAQ or contact vhf.manager@rgsb.org.uk

146-147 MHz	Necessary	UK Usage
(2m extension)	Bandwidth	
146.000-146.900 MHz	500kHz	Wideband Digital Modes (High speed data , DATV etc)
		146.500 MHz Centre frequency for wideband modes (Note 1)
146.900-147.000	12kHz	Narrowband Digital Modes including Digital Voice
140.000-147.000	121112	146,9000
		146.9125
		146.9250
		146.9375 Not available in/near Scotland (see Licence Notes & NoV terms)
		146.9500
		146.9625
		146.9750
		146.9875

Note-1: Users of wideband modes must ensure their spectral emissions are contained with the band limits

LICENCE NOTES: Full Licensees only, with NoV, 50W erp max - not available in the Isle of Man or Channel Isles

Note that additional restrictions on geographic location, antenna height and upper frequency limit are specified by the NoV terms

It should be emphasised that this band is UK-specific and is available on a non-interference basis to existing services.

Upper Band limit 147.000 MHz (or 146.93750 where applicable) are absolute limits and not centre frequencies

The absolute band frequency limit in or within 40km of Scotland is 146.93750 MHz - see NoV schedule

### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

400 MH= (70)	Nanana	UK Usage
430 MHz (70cm) IARU Recommendation	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage
430.0000-431.9810 MHz		430.0125-430.0750 MHz FM Internet voice gateways (Notes 7, 8)
All modes		430.250-430.300 MHz UK DV 9 MHz reverse-split repeaters - Outputs
430.4000-430.5750 digital links		430.400-430.775 MHz UK DV 9 MHz split repeaters - Inputs
430.6000-430.9250		430.8000 MHz 7.6 MHz Talkthrough (Note 10)
digital repeaters		430.8250-430.9750 MHz RU66-RU78 7.6 MHz split repeaters – outputs
		See licence exclusion note; 431-432 MHz
		430.9900-431.9000 MHz Digital Communications 431.0750-431.1750 MHz DV Internet voice gateways (Note 8)
		401.0700 401.1700 WHZ BY Michiet voice gateways (Note of
432.0000-432.1000	500 Hz	432.0500 MHz Telegraphy centre of activity
Telegraphy, MGM		
432.1000-432.4000	2700 Hz	432.2000 MHz SSB centre of activity
SSB, Telegraphy, MGM	2700112	432.3500 MHz Microwave talkback (Europe)
		432.3700 MHz Meteor Scatter centre
100 1000 100 1000	500.11	
432.4000-432.4900	500 Hz	Propagation Beacons only 432.491-432.493 MHz Personal Weak Signal MGM Beacons (BW: 500 Hz max)
		402.401 402.400 MHz 1 Globilal Would Olgital Molif Boddono (SW. 800 Hz Hazy)
432.5000-432.9940	12 kHz	432.5000 MHz Narrow band SSTV activity centre
All modes	(Note 11)	432.6250-432.6750 MHz Digital communications
Non-channelised		432.7750 MHz 1.6 MHz Talkthrough - Base TX (Note 10)
432.9940-433.3810	12 kHz	433.0000-433.3750 MHz (RB0-RB15) RU240-RU270
FM repeater outputs	(Note 11)	FM/DV repeater outputs in UK only
in UK only (Note 1) 433.3940-433.5810	401.11-	400 4000 MHz 11070: IA DI I Daniar 4 CCTV (FAVAFOV)
433.3940-433.5810	12kHz (Note 11)	433.4000 MHz U272; IARU Region 1 SSTV (FM/AFSK) 433.4250 MHz U274
FM/DV (Notes 12, 13)	(11010 11)	433.4500 MHz U276 (Note 5)
Simplex		433.4750 MHz U278
Channels		433.5000 MHz
		433.5500 MHz U284 Used for Rally/Exhibition talk-in
		433.5750 MHz U286
		100 00F0 100 07F0 MILL BY 'I' I
433.6000-434.0000 All modes		433.6250-433.6750 MHz Digital communications 433.7000-433.7750 MHz (Note 10)
433.800 MHz for		400.7000 400.7700 WHZ (Note 10)
APRS where 144.800		433.8000-434.2500 MHz Digital communications & Experiments
MHz cannot be used.		
434.000-434.5940	12 kHz	434.0000 Low Power Non-NoV Personal Hot-Spot usage
10 11000 10 1100 10	(Note 11)	433.9500-434.0500 MHz Internet voice gateways (Note 8)
		434.3750 MHz 1.6 MHz Talkthrough - Mobile TX (Note 10)
		434.4750-434.5250 MHz DV Internet voice gateways (Note 8)
434.5940-434.9810	12 kHz	434.6000-434.9750 MHz (RB0-RB15) RU240-RU270
FM repeater inputs in UK	(Note 11)	FM/DV repeater inputs in UK only (Note 12).
435.0000-436.0000		Satellites only
436.0000-438.0000		Satellites and Experimental DATV/Data
		437.0000 Experimental DATV/Data Centre of Activity (Note 14)
439 0000 440 0000		429 0050 429 4750 MHz. IARII Region 4 Digital occurrent
438.0000-440.0000 All modes		438.0250-438.1750 MHz IARU Region 1 Digital communications 438.2000-439.4250 MHz (Note 1)
,		438.4000 MHz 7.6 MHz Talkthrough (Note 10)
		438.4250-438.5750 MHz RU66-RU78 7.6MHz split repeaters – inputs
		438.6125 MHz UK DV calling (Note 12) (Note 13) 438.8000 Low Power Non-NoV Personal Hot-Spot usage
		438.8000 Low Power Non-Nov Personal Hot-Spot usage 439.6000-440.0000 MHz Digital communications
		439.250-439.300 MHz UK DV 9 MHz reverse-split repeaters - Inputs
		439.400-439.775 MHz UK DV 9 MHz split repeaters - Outputs

Note 1: In Switzerland, Germany and Austria, repeater inputs are 31.050-431.825 MHz with 25 kHz spacing and outputs 438.650-439.425 MHz. In Belgium, France and the Netherlands repeater outputs are 430.025-430.375 MHz with 12.5 kHz spacing and inputs at 431.625-431.975 MHz. In other European countries repeater inputs are 433.000-433.375 MHz with 25 kHz spacing

and outputs at 434.600-434.975 MHz, i.e. the reverse of the UK allocation.

Note 2: 430-440 MHz FM/DV maximum bandwidths are 12.5 or 25 kHz as ap

Note 4: not used

Note 5: In other countries IARU Region-1 recommend 433.450 MHz for DV calling

Note 7: Users must accept interference from repeater output channels in France and the Netherlands at 430.025-430.575 MHz. Users with sites that allow propagation to other countries (notably France and the Netherlands) must survey the proposed frequency before use to ensure that they will not cause interference to users in those countries.

Note 8: All Internet voice gateways: 12.5kHz channels, maximum deviation +-2.4kHz, maximum erp 5W (7 dBW), Note 10: May be used for Emergency Communications and Community Events

Note 11: IARU Region 1 recommended maximum bandwidths are 12kHz to suppoert 12.5kHz channel spacing

Note 12: Embedded data traffic is allowed with digital voice (DV) Note 13: Simplex use only - no DV gateways

Note 14: QPSK 2 Mega-symbols/second maximum recommended

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service: Secondary User. Amateur Satellite Service 435-438MHz: Secondary User Note specific conditions within 430-440MHz

Exclusion: 431-432 MHz not available within 100km radius of Charing Cross, London.

Power Restriction: 430-432 MHz is 40W erp maximum

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

1.3 GHz (23cm)	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	, and the second
1240.000-1240.500	2700Hz	Alternative narrowband segment - see Note 7 1240.00-1240.750 MHz
1240.500-1240.750		Alternative Propagation Beacon Segment
1240.750-1241.000	20kHz	FM/DV Repeater Inputs
<b>1241.000-1241.750</b> All modes	150 kHz	DD High Speed Digital Data - 5 x 150kHz channels 1241.075, 1241.225, 1241.375, 1241.525, 1241.675 MHz (+/- 75 kHz)
<b>1241.750-1242.000</b> All modes	20kHz	25 kHz Channels available for <b>FM/DV</b> use 1241.775-1241.975 MHz
<b>1242.000-1249.000</b> ATV		TV Repeaters (Note 9) New DATV repeater inputs (Note-10) Original ATV repeater inputs: 1248, 1249
1249.000-1249.250	20kHz	FM/DV Repeater Outputs, 25kHz channels (Note 9) 1249.025-1249.225 MHz
1250.00		In order to prevent interference to Primary Users, caution must be exercised prior to using 1250-1290MHz in the UK
1,260.000-1,270.000 Satellites		Amateur Satellite Service - Earth to Space uplinks only
1290.00		
1290.994-1291.481	20 kHz	FM/DV Repeater Inputs (Note-5) 1291.000-1291.375 MHz (RM0-RM15) 25 kHz spacing
<b>1291.494-1296.000</b> All modes		All Modes
<b>1296.000-1296.150</b> Telegraphy, MGM	500 Hz	Preferred narrowband segment 1296.000-1296.025 MHz Moonbounce
1296.150-1296.800 Telegraphy, SSB and MGM (Note 1)	2700 Hz	1296.200 MHz Narrow band centre of activity 1296.400-1296.600 MHz Linear transponder input 1296.500 MHz Image Mode Centre of Activity (SSTV, Fax etc) 1296.600 MHz Narrowband Data Centre of Activity (MGM, RTTY etc) 1296.600-1296.700 MHz Linear transponder output
		1296.741-1296.743 MHz Personal Weak Signal MGM Beacons 1296.750-1296.800 MHz <b>Local Beacons, 10W erp max</b>
<b>1296.800-1296.994</b> Beacons exclusive		1296.800-1296.990 MHz Propagation Beacons only
1296.994-1297.481	20 kHz	FM/DV Repeater Outputs (Note-5) 1297.000-1297.375 MHz (RM0-RM15)
1297.494-1297.981	20 kHz	FM/DV Simplex (Note-5)(Note-6) 25 kHz spacing 1297.500-1297.750 MHz (SM20-SM30)
FM/DV simplex (Notes 2, 5, 6)		1297.725 MHz Digital Voice (DV) Calling (IARU recommended) 1297.900-1297.975 MHz FM Internet voice gateways (IARU common channels, 25kHz)
<b>1298.000-1299.000</b> All modes	20 kHz	All Modes General mixed analogue or digital use in channels 1298.025-1298.975 MHz (RS1-RS39)
<b>1299.000-1299.750</b> All modes	150 kHz	DD High Speed Digital Data - 5 x 150kHz channels 1299.075, 1299.225, 1299.375, 1299.525, 1299.675 MHz (+/- 75 kHz)
<b>1299.750-1300.000</b> All modes	20 kHz	25 kHz Channels available for <b>FM/DV</b> use 1299.775-1299.975 MHz
<b>1300.000-1325.000</b> ATV		TV repeaters (UK only) (Note 9) New DATV repeater outputs (Note-10) Original ATV repeater outputs: 1308.0, 1310.0, 1311.5, 1312.0, 1316.0, 1318.5 MHz
Note 1: Local traffic using	narrow band m	odes should operate between 1296.500-1296.800 MHz during contests and band openings.

Note 2: Stations in countries that do not have access to 1298-1300 MHz may also use the FM simplex segment

for digital communications.

Note 5: Embedded data traffic is allowed with digital voice (DV)

Note 6: Simplex use only - no DV gateways

Note 7: 1240.000-1240.750 has been designated by IARU as an alternative centre for narrowband activity and beacons Operations in this range should be on a flexible basis to enable coordinated activation of this alternate usage

Note 8: The band 1240-1300MHz is subject to major replanning. Contact the Microwave Manager for further information
Note 9: Repeaters and Migration to DATV, inc option for new DATV simplex are subject to further development and coordination

Note-10: QPSK 4 Mega-symbols/second maximum recommended

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service: Secondary User:
Amateur Satellite Service: 1,260-1,270 MH:Secondary User Earth to Space only:

Note specific conditions within 1240-1325MHz

and within 50km of SS206127 (Bude), SE202577 (Harrogate), or in Northern Ireland.

### Access to this band requires an appropriate NoV, which is available to Full Licensees only

Please note that the current NoVs last for up to three years prior to expiry For further information see the RSGB Website

2300-2302 MHz	Necessary	UK Usage
	Bandwidth	
2300.000-2300.400	2.7 kHz	Narrowband Modes (including CW SSB, MGM)
		2300.350-2300.400 Attended Beacons
2300.400-2301.800	500 kHz	Wideband Modes (NBFM, DV, Data , DATV etc) - Note-1
		Note-2 for centre frequency recommendations
2301.800-2302.000	2.7kHz	Narrowband Modes (including CW SSB, MGM)
		EME Usage

Note-1: Users of wideband modes must ensure their spectral emissions are contained with the band limits

Note-2: Recommended centre frequencies: DV/NBFM Voice etc 2300.500 MHz, Wideband Data/DATV - 2301.100 MHz

LICENCE NOTES: Full Licensees only, with NoV, 400W max - not available in the Isle of Man

Note that additional restrictions on usage are specified by the NoV terms

It should be emphasised that this is UK-specific and is available on a non-interference basis to existing services.

### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

2.3 GHz (13cm)	Necessary		UK Usage
IARU Recommendation	Bandwidth		
2,310.000-2,320.000 MHz			
Sub-regional	200 kHz	2,310.000-2,310.500 MHz	Repeater links
(National band plans)			
		2,311.000-2,315.000 MHz	High speed data
2,320.000-2,320.800	2.7 kHz	Preferred Narrowband Se	gment
		2,320.000-2,320.025 MHz	Moonbounce
		2,320.200 MHz	SSB centre of activity
		2,320.750-2,320.800 MHz	Local Beacons, 10W erp max
2,320.800-2,321.000		2,320.800-2,320.990 MHz	Propagation Beacons only
Beacons exclusive			
2,321.000-2,322.000	20 kHz	FM/DV - see also Note 1	
2,322.000-2,350.000		Wideband Modes, includir	ng data, ATV
2,390.000-2,400.000		All modes	
2,400.000-2,450.000		2,435.000 MHz	ATV repeater outputs
Satellites		2,440.000 MHz	ATV repeater outputs

**Note 1:** Stations in countries which do not have access to the all modes section 2,322-2,400 MHz, may use the segment 2,321-2,322 MHz for data transmission.

**Note 2:** Stations in countries that do not have access to the narrow band segment 2,320-2,322 MHz, use the alternative narrow band segments 2,304-2,306 MHz, 2,308-2,310 MHz and 2400-2402 MHz

Note 3: The segment 2,433-2,443 MHz may be used for ATV if no satellite is using the segment.

LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service -Secondary User: Users must accept interference from ISM users.

Amateur Satellite Service: 2,400-2,450 MHz - Secondary User: Users must accept interference from ISM users

Operation in 2310-2350 and 2390-2400 MHz are subject to specific conditions and guidance

Note specific conditions apply within 50km of SS206127 (Bude) or SE202577 (Harrogate).

ISM = Industrial, scientific and medical

### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

3.4 GHz (9cm)	Necessary	UK Usage
IARU Recommendation	Bandwidth	
3,400.000-3,400.800 MHz	2.7 kHz	Narrowband Modes (including CW SSB, MGM, EME)
		3,400.100 MHz Centre of activity (Note 1)
		3,400.750-3,400.800 MHz Local Beacons, 10W erp max
3,400.800-3,400.995		3,400.800-3,400.995 MHz Propagation Beacons only
Propagation Beacons		
3,400.000-3,401.000	200 kHz	3,401.000-3,402.000 MHz Data, Remote control
3,402.000-3,410.000		Wideband Modes, including DATV Repeater Outputs
All modes (Notes 2, 3)		
Note 1: EME has migrated to	I from 3456 MHz	to 3400 MHz to promote harmonised usage and activity
Note 2: Stations in many Eเ	ıropean countri	es have access to 3400-3410 MHz as permitted by the CEPT ECA Table
Note 3: Amateur Satellite de	ownlinks planne	ed .
LICENCE NOTES: Amateu	r Service - <b>Sec</b> o	ondary User - Subject to specific conditions and guidance

### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

5.7 GHz (6cm) IARU Recommendation	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage
5,650.000-5,668.000 MHz		All Modes
Satellite uplinks		Amateur Satellite Service - Earth to Space only
5,668.000-5,670.000	2.7kHz	5,668.200 MHz Alternative narrowband centre
5,670.000-5,680.000		All Modes
5.755.000-5,760.000		All Modes
5,760.000-5,762.000	2.7kHz	Narrowband Modes (including CW, SSB, MGM, EME) 5,760.100 MHz Preferred centre of activity
		5,760.750-5,760.800 MHz Local Beacons, 10W erp max
5760.800-5760.995		5,760.800-5,760.995 MHz
Propagation Beacons		
5,762.000-5,765.000		All Modes
5,820.000-5,830.000		All Modes
5,830.000-5,850.000		All Modes
Satellite downlinks		Amateur Satellite Service - Space to Earth only
LICENCE NOTES: Amateu	ır Service: 5,650	0-5,680 MHz - <b>Secondary User</b> .
5,755-5	,765 and 5,820-	5,850 MHz - Secondary User: Users must accept interference from ISM users.
Amate	ur Satellite Serv	ice: 5,650-5,670 MHz and 5,830-5,850 MHz <b>Secondary User:</b> Users must accept

5,755-5,765 and 5,820-5,850 MHz - **Secondary User**: Users must accept interference from ISM users. Amateur Satellite Service: 5,650-5,670 MHz and 5,830-5,850 MHz **Secondary User**: Users must accept interference from ISM users.

Note specific conditions apply within 50km of SS206127 (Bude) or SE202577 (Harrogate).

ISM = Industrial, scientific and medical

#### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

10 GHz (3cm) IARU Recommendation	Necessary Bandwidth	UK Usage
10,000.000-10,125.000 MHz	Danawiatii	Note-4
All modes		10,065 MHz ATV Repeater Outputs
10,225.000-10,250.000 All modes 10,250.000-10,350.000 Digital modes		10,240 MHz ATV Repeaters
10,350.000-10,368.000 All modes		10,352.5-10,368 MHz Wideband modes (Note-2)
10,368.000-10,370.000 Narrowband telegraphy EME/SSB	2.7 kHz	10,368-10,370 MHz Narrowband modes (Note-3) 10,368.1 MHz Centre of activity
10 260 000 10 260 005		10,368.750-10,368.800 MHz
<b>10,368.800-10,368.995</b> Propagation Beacons		10,300.000-10,300.993 MHZ Propagation Beacons only
<b>10,370.000-10,450.000</b> All modes		10,371 MHz Voice repeaters RX 10,425 MHz ATV Repeaters
<b>10,450.000-10,475.000</b> All modes and satellites		10,400-10,475 MHz Unattended operation 10,450-10,452 MHz Alternative narrowband segment (Note-3) 10,471 MHz Voice repeaters TX
10,475.000-10,500.000 All modes and satellites		Amateur Satellite Service ONLY (Note-5)
Note 3: 10450 MHz is used a Note 4: 10,000-10,125 MHz is	s an alternative s subject to incre	0,350-10,400 MHz to encourage compatibility with narrowband systems narrowband segment in countries where 10,368 MHz is not available eased Primary User utilisation and restrictions Y to the Amateur Satellite Service and <b>NOT</b> to the Amateur Service.
Note spe	Satellite Service cific conditions a	dary User. Foundation Licensees 1W max : 10,450-10,500 MHz - Secondary User. :pply within 50 km of SO916223 (Cheltenham), :640 (Waddington) and SE202577 (Harrogate).

### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient to ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

4,025 MHz Preferred operating frequency wideband equipment 4,048.2 MHz Narrow band center of activity 4,048.750-24,048.800 MHz Local Beacons, 10W erp max			
4,048.800-24,048.995 MHz			
rvice: 24,000-24,050 MHz - <b>Primary User</b> : <i>Users must accept interference from ISM users.</i> 24,050-24,150 MHz <b>Secondary User</b> : <i>May only be used with the written permission of Ofcom.</i>			
Users must accept interference from ISM users.  24,150-24,250 MHz <b>Secondary User:</b> Users must accept interference from ISM users.			
Satellite Service: 24,000-24,050 MHz <b>Primary User:</b> Users must accept intereference from ISM users.			
c conditions apply within 50 km of SK985640 (Waddington) and SE202577 (Harrogate). strial, scientific and medical			
444			

#### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

47 GHz (6mm)	UK Usage		
IARU Recommendation			
47,000.000-47,200.000 MHz	47,088.2 MHz Centre of narrowband activity		
47,088.000-47,090.000	47,088.8-47,089.0 MHz Propagation Beacons only		
narrow band segment			
LICENCE NOTES: Amateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service -Primary User.			
Note specific conditions apply within 50 km of SK985640 (Waddington) and SE202577 (Harrogate).			

#### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

76 GHz (4mm)	UK Usage	
IARU Recommendation		
75,500-76,000 MHz		
All modes (preferred)	75,976.200 MHz IARU Region 1 preferred centre of activity	
76,000.000-77,500.000		
All modes		
77,500-78,000	77,500.200 MHz Alternative IARU recommended Narrowband segment	
All modes (preferred)		
78,000-81,000		
All modes		
LICENCE NOTES:		
75,500-75,875 MHz Ama	teur Service and Amateur Satellite Service - <b>Secondary User</b> .	
75,875-76,000 MHz Amateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service - <b>Primary User.</b>		
76,000-77,500 MHz Amateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service -Secondary User.		
77,500-78,000 MHz Amateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service - <b>Primary User.</b>		
78,000-81,000 MHz Amateur service and Amateur Satellite Service -Secondary User.		
N	ote specific conditions apply within 50 km of SK985640 (Waddington) and SE202577 (Harrogate).	
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#### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

122 GHz (2.5mm)	UK Usage
IARU Recommendation	
122,250-122.251 MHz	IARU Region-1 preferred centre of activity
Narrowband modes	
<b>122,251-123,000 MHz</b> All modes	122,256 / 122,400 MHz - UK centre of activity
	mateur Service only - <b>Secondary User.</b> lote specific conditions apply within 50 km of SK985640 (Waddington) and SE202577 (Harrogate).

#### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

134 GHz (2mm)	UK Usage
IARU Recommendation	
134,000-134,928 MHz	
All modes	134,256 / 134,400 MHz - UK centre of activity
<b>134,928-134,930</b> Narrowband modes	IARU Region-1 preferred centre of activity
<b>134,930 -136,000</b> All modes	
<b>136,000 -141,000</b> All modes	
136,000-141,000 MHz A	mateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service -Primary User. mateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service -Secondary User. lote specific conditions apply within 50 km of SK985640 (Waddington) and SE202577 (Harrogate).

#### Notes to the Band Plan

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.

The following band plan is largely based on that agreed at IARU Region 1 General Conferences with some local differences on on frequencies above 430 MHz.

241 GHz (1.2mm)	UK Usage	
IARU Recommendation		
241,000-248,000 MHz		
All modes	241,600 MHz +/-IF - UK centre of activity	
248,000-248.001 MHz	IARU Region-1 preferred centre of activity	
Narrowband modes		
<b>248,001-250,000 MHz</b> All modes	248,800 MHz +/-IF - UK centre of activity	
LICENCE NOTES:		
241,000-248,000 MHz Ar	nateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service -Secondary User.	
248,000-250,000 MHz Ar	nateur Service and Amateur Satellite Service - Primary User.	
N	ote specific conditions apply within 50 km of SK985640 (Waddington) and SE202577 (Harrogate).	

#### Notes to the Band Plan

Note-1: Access to frequencies >275 GHz by Full Licensees is also possible by NoV

### ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 (extract)

**Necessary bandwidth**: For a given class of emission, the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient t ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

The use of Amplitude Modulation (AM) is acceptable in the all modes segments but users are asked to consider adjacent channel activity when selecting operating frequencies.